

## Why Don't You Take Nuxated Iron, Sam?

"Two months ago I felt just about as you look, weak, nervous, and all run-down—I took Nuxated Iron for six weeks and—"

To-day

Look at Me—Feel Strong as an Ox

and ready for any task. You can talk as you please, but I am thoroughly convinced that Nuxated Iron contains something that must be of great value to help put strength, force and courage into a man's blood. Here is an extra package that I wish you would take home and try."

### WHAT NUXATED IRON IS MADE FROM

SWORN STATEMENT OF COMPOSITION OF ITS FORMULA

As your doctor or druggist or any pharmacist in any Medical College in regard to this formula.

Standard Quality given below:

Nuxated Iron has been used and highly endorsed by such men as Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, former Presidential Cabinet Official, Secretary of the Treasury, United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, Judge William J. Chambers, Commissioner of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, formerly Chief Justice of the International Court of Commerce, United States Senator and Vice-President of the United States, Chas. A. Towne of Minnesota, former U. S. Senator, Richard L. Kenney of Delaware, at present Asst. Justice Advocate General of the Army, General John L. Chen (retired), the drummer boy of Shiloh, who was Sergeant in the U. S. Army when only twelve years of age, General David Stuart Gordon (Retired) hero of the Battle of Gettysburg, former Health Commissioner of the State of Illinois, and when men like these endorse Nuxated Iron, there can certainly no longer be any doubt as to its efficacy. It is made by men who put their conscience into every package, and into every tablet in this package.

Iron is absolutely necessary to enable your blood to change food into living tissue. Without it no matter how much or what you eat, your food merely passes through you without doing you any good. You don't get the strength out of it and as a consequence you become weak, pale, and sickly looking. Just like a plant that grows in soil deficient in iron. For want of iron you may be an old man at thirty, dull of intellect, poor in memory, nervous, irritable and all "run down," while at 40 or 50 in the absence of any organic aliment, you may still be young in feeling, full of life, your whole being brimming over with energy and vital force.

Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly Physician of Bellevue Hospital, (Outdoor Dept.), New York, and the Westchester County Hospital, said: "I have taken Nuxated Iron myself and prescribed it for my patients, and I can truthfully say that it exceeds any preparation I have ever used for building up delicate, nervous, run-down folks and increasing the red blood corpuscles, thereby enriching and fortifying the blood against the ravages of disease. Contrary to general opinion, lack of iron in the blood does not necessarily mean you do not have enough blood, but it means your blood is not of the right kind."

MANUFACTURER'S NOTE—Nuxated Iron, which is recommended above, is not a secret remedy, but one which is well known to druggists everywhere. It is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black or upset the stomach. The manufacturer guarantees successful and entirely satisfactory results to every purchaser or they will refund your money. It is dispensed in this city by A. R. McIntyre, Drug Co.—Advertisement.

when in Petrograd recently he saw 100 aged men being taken to Kronstadt.

German Soldiers Travel Only in Squads—Fear Wrath of the Ukraines.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Bitterness among the peasants of the Ukraine against the Germans is steadily increasing, according to advices reaching the state department today from an eye witness in the Russian province.

German soldiers travel about the country only in large squads, according to this informant, otherwise they are attacked by peasants who endeavor to capture them for torture, or burial alive.

The Ukrainian government is reported training troops for a Ukraine army and has approximately 800,000 men.

Banks are being re-opened and charges of 12 per cent commission is being made on the withdrawal of old accounts. As a result large amounts of hoarded money are being put into circulation.

The same informant reports that:

German Generals Placed on the Retired List

PARIS, Aug. 13.—(Havas Agency.)—General von Mudra and General von Brecht, who commanded German armies in the offensive which began on July 15, have been placed on the retired list, according to Berne newspapers which have been received here.

General von Mudra was in command of the German armies attacking along the Champagne front between Prunay and Triaire. His attack was met by General Gouraud and was everywhere repulsed. General Liebrecht was not mentioned in the dispatches telling of the fighting during July.

Brazilian Cargo Steamer Ashore Off New England

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 13.—A Brazilian freight steamer ran ashore on the New England coast during a heavy fog today. The tide was receding at the time and observers believed the vessel to be in a dangerous position. One report was that the steamer was evading a German submarine.

A later report was that the steamer, which was loaded with sugar, had lost her way in a fog. Coast guardsmen declined to say how far off his course the vessel was resting on a sandy bottom.

The steamer, formerly of German registry, was taken over by the Brazilian government when that country entered the war.

East Front Cause of German Worry

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Germany, in the bitterest hour of defeat in the west she has yet known, is menaced in the east not only by the advance of the allied expeditions but by the perpetually growing movement of unorganized resistance to her occupation, says the Daily Telegraph, in commenting on the situation in Russia.

There is not a part of Russia where German troops are stationed where the commanders have not all they can do to hold the people down by force of arms. The task, the newspaper adds, will soon call, if it has not already, for strong reinforcements apart from the question of meeting the allied expeditions.

Strike Paralyzes Industry

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Monday, Aug. 13.—Industry here is paralyzed today as the result of a general strike growing out of the tramway strike. All business houses are closed and no newspapers are being printed. The street railway service is at a standstill. Soldiers and police patrol the city.

## WAR HORRORS AS SEEN BY THE COUNTESS DE BRYAS MAKE DEEP IMPRESSION ON OGDEN PEOPLE

The audience that gathered to hear Countess de Bryas last evening in the First Presbyterian church was entirely too large for the seating capacity of the building. The Red Cross leaders had been told that it would be impossible to secure a large audience either afternoon or night but at each meeting the number attending was far in excess of the accommodations. The Countess proved to be a most entertaining and impressive speaker.

In speaking of the effect upon the people in the devastated countries, she gave instances where the entire city had been wiped out and told of the effect of this upon the refugees. Often not only were the refugees unable to find even where their home had stood when the Germans were driven back, but at times even cemeteries were destroyed and the bones of the dead could not determine the location of cemetery and church. In some of these ruined cities the old people would wander about aimlessly trying to find some trace whereby they might locate their former homes or the graves of their dead. No earthquake could more completely change the contour of the earth as to location of homes, houses or small buildings than did the shell and incendiary fire.

Children Lose Reason

The effect upon the children in these devastated regions was most painful. Sometime little children of four to seven years of age would lose their reason because of fright. Children that had remained in the detention camps or back of the lines for long periods lost all the note of joy in their voices and seemed to forget how to laugh, and it was with difficulty that they were made to believe that that good and happiness had been destroyed from the earth. Their faces in the lines of sorrow and premature age were pathetic, but the most pathetic part was the change in their voices, as they spoke with the 'hard' tones of years.

She told of the work of the American Red Cross in aiding the people of France before the last two German drives. The French women did not know how to run autos but all the American Red Cross women seemed to be expert chauffeurs and for ten days they rushed night and day, not stopping to remove their garments, carrying truck loads of passengers and best possessions back from the lines ahead of those two drives. These same American women drove back most of the livestock and caused the entire population and their movable property to be carried back in some places a distance of over thirty miles.

Interest in Soldiers

She told of the interest shown by the people of France in caring for the American soldiers. She stated that in nearly every city where American soldiers are landed that committees on aid for soldiers have been organized.

She told of the Officers' Club in Paris, which is a private home donated by wealthy civilians and maintained by donations, for the purpose of providing a club for the American officers when they are not on duty.

After telling of the treatment of the Americans by the French, she discussed the treatment France and Belgium have received at the hands of the German soldiers. She stated that the cruelty and apparent barbarism of the Hun is due to a misdirected education.

The Countess painted vivid pictures of the air raids on Paris last December and of her experiences as a Red Cross worker. She said one of the greatest acts of uncivilization of the Germans was the devastation of 800,000 fruit trees in a French orchard and the deportation of parts of families to work on captured fields of France.

Perhaps the greatest sorrow brought to the French people within the German lines is the manner in which they see their own children almost starved by the extreme diet forced upon them. She says the schools have been ruined in the hopes of the children not being able to learn the French language. She says that in some instances the children have even been sent to the trenches to pick up bombs, an occupation thought to be too dangerous for the German soldiers.

The Countess told the Red Cross workers that they could not think of reconstruction work in France until after the war.

At the conclusion of the lecture at the Berthana, 500 members of the local Red Cross received their gold pins designating 72 hours of service.

Old River Boats Put to Work

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 13.—Steamboats that during the days of Mark Twain and since have plied the Mississippi, performing perfunctory duties not at all commensurate with the river's possibilities, are to be put to work to help win the war and will be augmented by boats of war and will be propelled and modernized, equipped, capable of greatly relieving the heavy transportation burdens of the railroads.

A fleet of freight-carrying boats running between New Orleans and St. Louis and on up the river as necessity demands, has been designed and the federal government has backed the project with millions of dollars. The Mississippi Valley Waterways association, representing varied interests throughout the valley, is exercising general supervision of the project.

Revival of river traffic on a large scale was suggested months ago when freight congestion on the railroads became acute. Business men began to wonder why the broad expanse of the Mississippi could not be used to transport their freight expeditiously and the idea took form in an application to the government for financial assistance to build and maintain a river fleet. The government appropriated \$8,000,000 to be expended between St. Louis and New Orleans and \$3,600,000 to be used on the upper Mississippi, between St. Louis and Minneapolis.

## FIFTY TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED

Aviators Busy Day and Night Bombing Bridges and Enemy Objectives.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—An official communication dealing with aviation issued tonight says:

"Fifty tons of bombs were dropped by our aviators on August 11 and the following night. The two chief objectives, both by day and by night, were the Somme crossings and certain railway junctions of military importance.

Courtauld station and its sidings were heavily bombed by some of our squadrons in broad daylight from a low height, without loss to us. Many direct hits were observed.

"At night, the stations of Peronne and Cambrai were severely attacked with good effect. All our night bombing machines safely returned.

"Enemy aircraft, flying in large formations, were active on the battle front. Twenty-nine hostile machines were destroyed in air fighting during the day and twenty-four others were driven down out of control. Four hostile balloons were shot down in flames. Five of our machines are missing.

"The observation work for our artillery, carried out by airplanes and balloons, was steadily continued. On the night of August 10-11, a Gotha machine was brought down by our anti-aircraft fire in addition to those already reported."

No News on Gas.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Secretary Daniels said today the department had no further information regarding the gas attack yesterday afternoon on Smith Island, N. C., or the effort of an American destroyer to sink the submarine off the Virginia coast with depth bombs.

So far as the navy department's advice goes there has been no information that German submarines were equipped for carrying gas for such use as was made of on the North Carolina coast.

Berlin War Report

BERLIN, via London, Aug. 12.—The war office statement issued today says:

"Between the Yser and the Aene, partial enemy thrusts frequently broke down before our lines. North of the Yser, we beat back the strong British attack. The enemy in the early morning launched violent attacks north of the Somme and between the Somme and Lihons. They were repulsed."

GOLD PRODUCERS WANT WAR BOARD TO PAY A BONUS

RENO, Nev., Aug. 13.—Resolutions calling for the payment of a bonus by the government for every ounce of gold produced were adopted last night by the resolutions committee of the American Gold Conference and placed before the conference for discussion today.

Under the plan the war industries board of the government will be asked to determine the amount of bonus to be paid, basing its estimates on the increased cost of gold production now as compared with 1914. It is unofficially estimated by mining men at the conference that the cost of producing gold now is 60 per cent greater than in 1914 which would call for a bonus of approximately \$12 an ounce.

THEO. LEAMAN SAYS GERMANS SHOW SIGNS OF FEAR

The following extracts are from letters written from France July 10, and 19, by Theodore Leaman, a former Ogdan man who has been in active service since last May:

"Well, I am back away from the front again, about eight miles from the front line, but I don't know for how long. As I write this, I can hear the aircraft guns shooting at the German airplanes. I am in a real small place, and can walk right into the old German trenches. The Germans had this place for about three weeks, but were run out, and they are still backing up. The Germans are no match for us and are afraid of us. I don't think it will last much longer, once we get them out of their holes. They live like rats."

"I believe I have been all over France. It's move, move all the time. I can't tell you the places I have been in as they are close to the front. I was through a number of small towns which had been shelled. Very few people were left, most of them having moved to safer places."

"Say, you ought to hear those big shells sing when they go over our heads, and when they hit, you can hear them miles away. We had plenty of noise on the Fourth of July, but we did not get hit. There were battles over our heads every day. They brought down a number of machines while we were there. I expect we will get back again in a few days. If one of those shells ever hits close to me, it will be all over. We have had it tough at times, but I am none the worse for it."

"The people I am staying with are sure queer. They are mostly farmers. I will tell you just one little thing. They will not use soap to wash dishes because the pigs won't drink it. Just think—they give the dish water to the pigs. They wear wooden shoes when they leave the house. They only have glasses to drink out of, and pour their coffee right into the glass. They think all of us Americans are rich, and they are always wanting things from us."

"We get paid in French money and I know it now as well as our own money. Things are very dear here, eggs five francs a dozen. Five francs is about a dollar in our money. We are getting plenty of smokes and plenty to eat and we need it."

"It is real cold here and we are all

## Real Estate Transfers

Mary E. Skeen to Benjamin Cowlishaw, lot 3, block 2, Brinker and Hochstetler's subdivision, consideration \$2000. Warranty deed.

Clarence E. Storey and wife to Samuel L. Davidson and wife, part of the southwest quarter, section 19, township 7 north, range one west, consideration \$10,000. Warranty deed.

## To Our Patrons:

To see Elsie Ferguson, the famous Aircraft star, in any photoplay is a delight, but to see her in her latest picture, "The Danger Mark," is both a delightful and educational. This splendid photoplay will be displayed at our theater next Friday and Saturday, together with Margaret Snow in "The German Curse in America."

This picture is based upon the celebrated novel of Robert W. Chambers, the famous American author of many "best sellers," and the theme deals with the trials of a young society woman of wealth who has inherited a craving for drink from a dissipated ancestor. How she overcomes this desire to drink to excess is told in a series of tense dramatic situations all of which, aside from their interest, exert a strong heart appeal.

Miss Ferguson is unquestionably an actress of genius and her characterization of Geraldine Seagrave in this great picture is one of the most notable of her screen career. We are convinced that you will enjoy this remarkable photoplay and that you will admit it to be one of the finest ever displayed at our theater.

Trusting you will attend the opening presentation, and thanking you heartily for past favors, we beg to remain,

Yours sincerely,

THE ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Advertisement.

## ALHAMBRA The Safe Theatre

# TODAY

## Last Time

CHAS. RAY

—in—

"THE CLAWS OF THE HUN."

Sennett's Two-Reel Comedy,

"BECAUSE HE LOVED HER SO."

5c and 15c.

Tomorrow—THURSDAY—Fatty Arbuckle in "Good Night Nurse," and Bryant Washburn in a fight to the finish Western, "The Ghosts of the Rancho."



PARAMOUNT ARBUCKLE COMEDY

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